# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



#### 1K Self Etch Weld-Thru Primer Red Brown

#### Product and company identification 1.

: 1K Self Etch Weld-Thru Primer Red Brown **Product name** 

**Material uses** Paint. Code : REZ46

**Supplier** : Peter Kwasny GmbH

> Heilbronner Str. 96 D-74831 Gundelsheim Tel.: +49-(0)6269-95-20 E-mail: labor@kwasny.de : Chemical Check GmbH

**Prepared by** In case of emergency : +49(0)6269-95-20

## Hazards identification

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Aerosol.] Color : Not available. : Characteristic. Odor

**Emergency overview** 

Signal word : DANGER!

**Hazard statements** : FLAMMABLE. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS

AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL

DATA.

**Precautions** Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 120°F (49°C)

or in direct sunlight. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed

and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. **Routes of entry** 

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to respiratory system.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion : Slightly irritating to the skin. Defatting to the skin. Skin

: Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes. **Eyes** 

Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** 

9/13/2013. Canada

## 2. Hazards identification

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, heart, spleen, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Skin

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Eyes

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	15-40
acetone	67-64-1	10-30
propane	74-98-6	10-30
Butane	106-97-8	7-13
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	1-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** 

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### **Antidote information**

Product/ingredient name	Antidote information
No antidote information known	

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

#### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable** 

: In case of fire, use water spray. Powder. CO<sub>2</sub>. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol-resistant foam or water spray or fog. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

Special remarks on explosion hazards

: Air/vapor mixtures may be explosive.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

### Storage

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Isopropyl alcohol	US ACGIH 3/2012	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	200	492	-	400	984	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	400	983	-	500	1230	-	-	-	-	
Butane	US ACGIH 3/2012	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	600	-	-	750	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	800	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	800	1900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
propane	US ACGIH 3/2012	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	1000	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	1000	1800	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	
acetone	US ACGIH 3/2012	500	1188	-	750	1782	-	-	-	_	
	AB 4/2009	500	1200	-	750	1800	-	-	-	_	
	BC 4/2012	250	_	_	500	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	500	1188	_	750	1782	-	_	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	500	1190	_	1000	2380	-	-	-	-	
zinc oxide	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	2	-	_	10	-	-	-	_	[a]
	AB 4/2009	-	2	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[b]
	BC 4/2012	-	2	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[d]
	ON 1/2013	-	2	_	_	10	-	_	-	-	[b] [a]
	QC 12/2012	-	5	_	_	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BC 4/2012	50	-	ļ.	75	-	-	-	-	-	'
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ON 1/2013	50	270	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	US AIHA 10/2011	50	-	}	-	-	-	-	-	}	

Form: [a]Respirable fraction [b]Respirable [c]fume

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Engineering measures** 

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: If operating conditions cause high vapor concentrations or the TLV is exceeded, use supplied-air respirator. half-face mask (as filter combination A1P2)

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hands** 

Skin

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves. Short term exposure (15 min.): Butyl rubber gloves. (0.7

mm)

Eyes : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static

overalls, boots and gloves.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Flash point : 0°C (32°F) [without propellant]

Auto-ignition temperature : 365°C (689°F)
Flammable limits : Lower: 1.5%
Upper: 13%

Color : Not available.

Odor : Characteristic.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

**Density** : 0.75 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Vapor pressure : 360 kPa (2700.2 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : Not available.

VOC content : 85.14%

Odor threshold : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

LogKow : Not available.

#### 1K Self Etch Weld-Thru Primer Red Brown

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

**Incompatible materials** 

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and

alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
propane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658 mg/l	4 hours
acetone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	35.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

#### **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitizer**

#### 1K Self Etch Weld-Thru Primer Red Brown

# 11. Toxicological information

3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
acetone	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

## **Carcinogenicity**

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Isopropyl alcohol	A4	3	-	-	-	-
acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Butane	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative
propane	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative
acetone	476 In vitro Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	Negative

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l	Fish - Gambusia affinis	96 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth	72 hours

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#### 1K Self Etch Weld-Thru Primer Red Brown

# 12. Ecological information

	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	phase Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth	96 hours 72 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	phase Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >=408 mg/l Acute LC50 134 mg/l Chronic NOEC >=100 mg/l Chronic NOEC 47.5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oryzias latipes	48 hours 96 hours 21 days 14 days

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Isopropyl alcohol	OECD 301E	95 % - 21 days	-	-
	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	Modified OECD			
	Screening Test			
	OECD 301D	<60 % - 28 days	-	-
	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	Closed Bottle			
	Test			
acetone	OECD 301B	91 % - 28 days	-	-
	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution			
	Test			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	OECD 301F	83 % - 28 days	-	-
acetate	Ready			
	Biodegradability -			
	Manometric			
	Respirometry			
	Test			

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

**Bioconcentration factor** 

: Not available.

Mobility

Toxicity of the products of

: Not available.

biodegradation

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-	***	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index  1  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS. Marine pollutant (zinc oxide)	2.1	-	<b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U
IATA-DGR Class	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1	-	2	Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y203

PG\*: Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

. Not determined.

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class B-5: Flammable aerosol.

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI** 

: The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol; Zinc (and its compounds); Butane (all isomers); Propane; Volatile organic compounds; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

**CEPA Toxic substances** 

: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds

**Canada inventory** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### International regulations

**International lists** 

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons** 

Convention List Schedule

**I Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

**II Chemicals** 

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

: Not listed

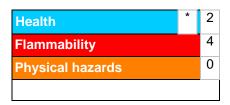
: Not listed

## 16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



### 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of issue** : 9/13/2013.

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation.

Version :

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.