# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



1K Gun Cleaner for solvent and waterborne basecoats

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : 1K Gun Cleaner for solvent and waterborne basecoats

Material uses : Paint related material: Cleaner.

Code : REZ247

Supplier : Peter Kwasny GmbH

Heilbronner Str. 96
D-74831 Gundelsheim
Tel.: +49-(0)6269-95-20
E-mail: labor@kwasny.de
: Chemical Check GmbH

Prepared by : Chemical Check Gml

In case of emergency : +49(0)6269-95-20

### 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Color : Not available.

Odor : Characteristic.

**Emergency overview** 

Signal word : DANGER!

Hazard statements : FLAMMABLE. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS

AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE

IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE,

BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CAN CAUSE BIRTH

DEFECTS. DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CAN CAUSE ADVERSE

DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS.

Precautions : Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 120°F (49°C)

or in direct sunlight. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and

sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Skin : Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. Defatting to the skin.

Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects**: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : Can cause birth defects.

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## 2. Hazards identification

**Developmental effects** 

: Can cause developmental abnormalities.

**Fertility effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the nervous system, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

Skin

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

**Eyes** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Name                            | CAS number | %     |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------|
| dimethyl ether                  | 115-10-6   | 40-70 |
| acetone                         | 67-64-1    | 15-40 |
| n-butyl acetate                 | 123-86-4   | 10-30 |
| xylene                          | 1330-20-7  | 3-7   |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 108-65-6   | 1-5   |

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

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|----|----|----|---|----|----|
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: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** 

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### **Antidote information**

| Product/ingredient name       | Antidote information |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| No antidote information known |                      |

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Flammability of the product

: Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

#### **Extinguishing media**

**Suitable** 

: In case of fire, use water spray. Powder. CO<sub>2</sub>. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol-resistant foam or water spray or fog. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

carbon monoxide

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special remarks on explosion hazards

: Air/vapor mixtures may be explosive.

### Accidental release measures

#### **Personal precautions**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

#### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Occupational exposure limit     | t <u>s</u>      | TWA ( | (8 hours) | )        | STEL ( | 15 mins | s)    | Ceilin | g     |       |           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------|----------|--------|---------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|
| Ingredient                      | List name       | ppm   | mg/m³     | Other    | ppm    | mg/m³   | Other | ppm    | mg/m³ | Other | Notations |
| dimethyl ether                  | BC 4/2012       | 1000  | -         | -        | -      | -       | -     | -      | -     |       |           |
|                                 | US AIHA 10/2011 | 1000  | -         | -        | -      | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
| acetone                         | US ACGIH 3/2012 | 500   | 1188      | -        | 750    | 1782    | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | AB 4/2009       | 500   | 1200      | -        | 750    | 1800    | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | BC 4/2012       | 250   | -         | -        | 500    | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | ON 1/2013       | 500   | 1188      | -        | 750    | 1782    | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | QC 12/2012      | 500   | 1190      | -        | 1000   | 2380    | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
| xylene                          | US ACGIH 3/2012 | 100   | 434       | -        | 150    | 651     | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | AB 4/2009       | 100   | 434       | -        | 150    | 651     | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | BC 4/2012       | 100   | -         | -        | 150    | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | ON 1/2013       | 100   | 434       | -        | 150    | 651     | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | QC 12/2012      | 100   | 434       | -        | 150    | 651     | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
| n-butyl acetate                 | US ACGIH 3/2012 | 150   | -         | -        | 200    | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | AB 4/2009       | 150   | 713       | -        | 200    | 950     | -     | -      | -     | -     | [3]       |
|                                 | BC 4/2012       | 20    | -         | -        | -      | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | ON 1/2013       | 150   | -         | -        | 200    | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | QC 12/2012      | 150   | 713       | -        | 200    | 950     | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | BC 4/2012       | 50    | -         | -        | 75     | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | ON 1/2013       | 50    | 270       | <b>-</b> | -      | -       | -     | -      | -     | -     |           |
|                                 | US AIHA 10/2011 | 50    | -         | -        | -      | -       | -     | -      | -     | }     |           |

[3]Skin sensitization

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: If operating conditions cause high vapor concentrations or the TLV is exceeded, use supplied-air respirator. half-face mask / (as filter combination A1P2)

#### **Hands**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.

Nitrile gloves. Short term exposure(15 min): Butyl rubber gloves.(0.7 mm).

**Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the

assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static

overalls, boots and gloves.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Skin

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Aerosol.] : <0°C (<32°F) Flash point **Auto-ignition temperature** : 235°C (455°F)

Flammable limits : Lower: 1.2%

Upper: 18.6%

Color : Not available. : Characteristic. Odor pН : Not available. **Boiling/condensation point** : Not available. **Melting/freezing point** : Not available.

: 0.76301 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)] **Density** 

: 340 kPa (2550.2 mm Hg) [room temperature] Vapor pressure

: Not available. Vapor density

: 100% **VOC** content

: Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. **Evaporation rate Viscosity** : Not available.

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility

: Not available. LogKow

#### Stability and reactivity 10.

: The product is stable. **Chemical stability** 

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Protect from sunlight.

**Incompatible materials** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and

alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species | Dose                 | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------------------|----------|
| dimethyl ether          | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 164000 ppm           | 4 hours  |
| ·                       | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 309 g/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| acetone                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 20000 mg/kg          | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg           | -        |
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 5000 ppm             | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 2000 mg/kg           | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg           | -        |
| n-butyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l           | 4 hours  |
| _                       | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg         | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 10768 mg/kg          | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 35.7 mg/l            | 4 hours  |
| acetate                 |                       |         |                      |          |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 8532 mg/kg           | -        |

#### **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure      | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| acetone                 | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20   | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 20 milligrams | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 395           | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |
| xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 milligrams | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5    | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60    | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | microliters   |             |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 Percent   | -           |
| n-butyl acetate         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100           | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                          |         |       | milligrams    |             |

#### **Sensitizer**

| 3       | Route of exposure | Species    | Result          |
|---------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| acetone | skin              | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |

# 11. Toxicological information

### Carcinogenicity

#### **Classification**

| Product/ingredient name | ACGIH | IARC | EPA | NIOSH | NTP | OSHA |
|-------------------------|-------|------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| acetone                 | A4    | -    | -   | -     | -   | -    |
| xylene                  | A4    | 3    | -   | -     | -   | -    |

#### **Mutagenicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Test                                   | Experiment  | Result   |
|-------------------------|--|---|----------|
| acetone                 |  | Experiment: In vitro<br>Subject: Mammalian-Animal | Negative |
|                         | 471 Bacterial Reverse<br>Mutation Test | Subject: Bacteria                                 | Negative |
| xylene                  | 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test    | Subject: Bacteria                                 | Negative |

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

: Xylene: May cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.

# 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                              | Species                                | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| acetone                         | Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa                   | 96 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex           | 48 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                | 48 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water     | Fish - Pimephales promelas -           | 96 hours |
|                                 |                                     | Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,        |          |
|                                 |                                     | Weanling)                              |          |
|                                 | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa                   | 96 hours |
|                                 | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae               | 21 days  |
|                                 | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna -              | 21 days  |
|                                 |                                     | Neonate                                |          |
| xylene                          | Acute IC50 2.2 mg/l                 | Algae                                  | 72 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water   | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio       | 48 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas             | 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate                 | Acute LC50 32000 µg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii | 48 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas             | 96 hours |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l               | Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum      | 72 hours |
|                                 | Acute EC50 >=408 mg/l               | Daphnia - Daphnia magna                | 48 hours |

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## 12. Ecological information

| Acute LC50 134 mg/l     | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Chronic NOEC >=100 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna    | 21 days  |
| Chronic NOEC 47.5 mg/l  | Fish - Oryzias latipes     | 14 days  |

#### Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name         | Test   | Result         | Dose | Inoculum |
|---------------------------------|--|----------------|------|----------|
| acetone                         | OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test              | 91 % - 28 days | -    | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | OECD 301F<br>Ready<br>Biodegradability -<br>Manometric<br>Respirometry<br>Test | 83 % - 28 days | -    | -        |

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

Bioconcentration factor Mobility

Not available.Not available.

Toxicity of the products of

Not ovelleble

biodegradation

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label | Additional information   |
|------------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|-----|-------|--|
| TDG Classification     | UN1950    | AEROSOLS             | 2.1     | -   |       | Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 |
|                        |           |                      |         |     |       |  |

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#### 1K Gun Cleaner for solvent and waterborne basecoats **Transport information** 14. UN1950 **AEROSOLS IMDG Class** 2.1 Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U UN1950 Aerosols, flammable 2.1 **IATA-DGR Class** Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities -Passenger AircraftQuantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y203

PG\*: Packing group

#### Regulatory information 15.

**United States inventory** 

(TSCA 8b)

Not determined.

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class B-5: Flammable aerosol.

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI** 

: The following components are listed: Dimethylether; Volatile organic compounds; Xylene (all isomers); n-Butyl acetate; Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

**CEPA Toxic substances** 

: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule** 

**I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

: Not listed

**II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

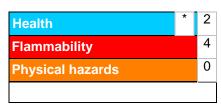
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#### 16. Other information

Label requirements

FLAMMABLE. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS. DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CAN CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**Date of issue** : 09/16/2013.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.